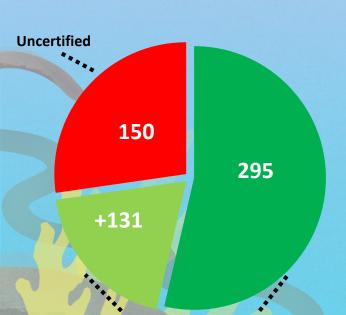
# Bending the Curve for the European Eel

#### Demonstrating the impact of the Sustainable Eel Group through

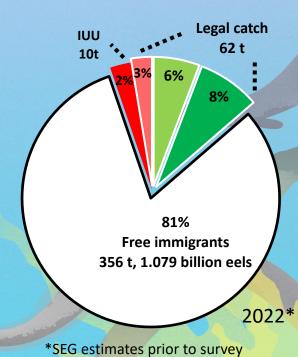
A decade of eel protection, accelerating the eel recovery and refining the

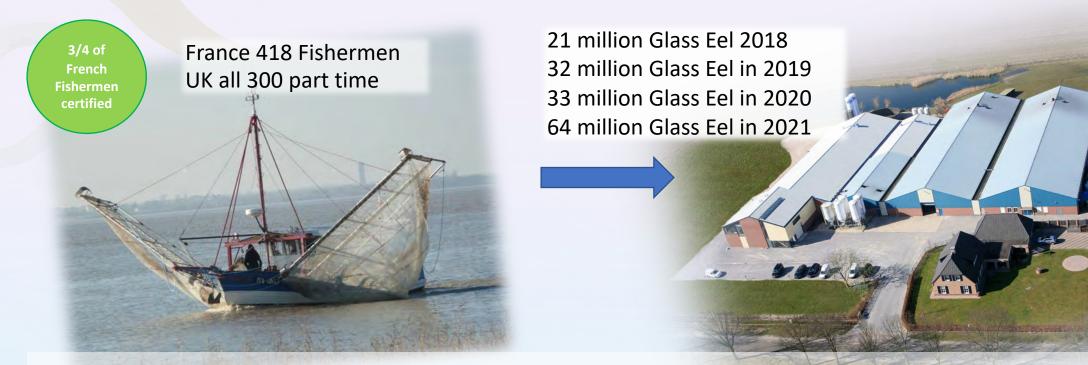
**SEG** standard for sustainable use



Andrew Kerr
Chairman
Updated April 2022

Sustainable Eel Group





#### Growing Impact of SEG Standard in building fully traceable supply chain



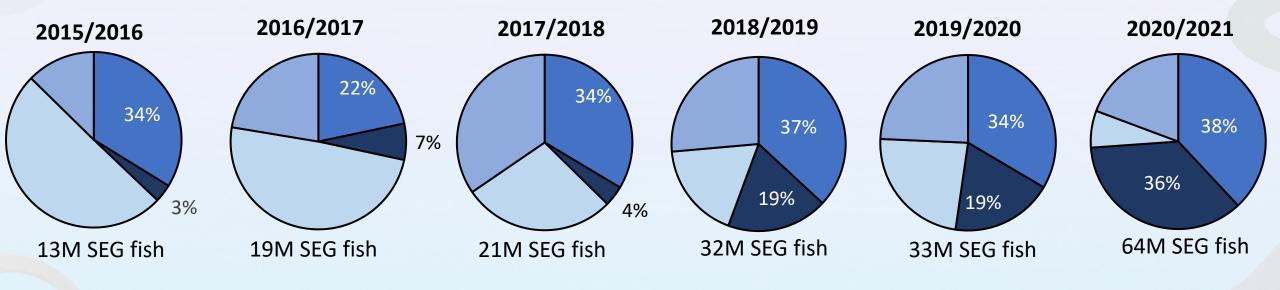
#### Number of French Glass Eel Fishermen certified 2022

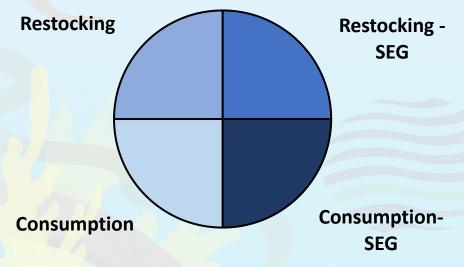


Growing Impact of SEG Standard in building fully traceable supply chain



### SEG fish evolution within the plausible European market 2022





Data about the plausible, European glass eel markets were collected by means of the annual SEG glass eel market surveys. Data presented are SEG's best estimates as of January 2022.



#### SEPRONA / EUROPOL

18<sup>th</sup> April 2018 **MADRID** 

100 tons / 300 + million Glass Eels a year

#### **Trafficking Updates 2022**



#### **Reported Seizures**

16 million 2016 - 17 **17 million** 2017 - 18 **15 million** 2018 - 19 **10 million** 2019 – 20 1.38 million 2020 - 21



POLÍCIA

85%

Reduction

since 2016\*

#### Reported Arrests

the COVID-19

pandemic

2016 - 17 48

98 2017 - 18

2018 - 19 **154** 

108 2019 - 20

**52** 2020 - 21

#### **Operation Lake V**

**Update 19 Nov 2021** 

58 000+ inspections across Europe Seizures including: 387 kg of glass eels and 25 kg of adult eels valued at about EUR

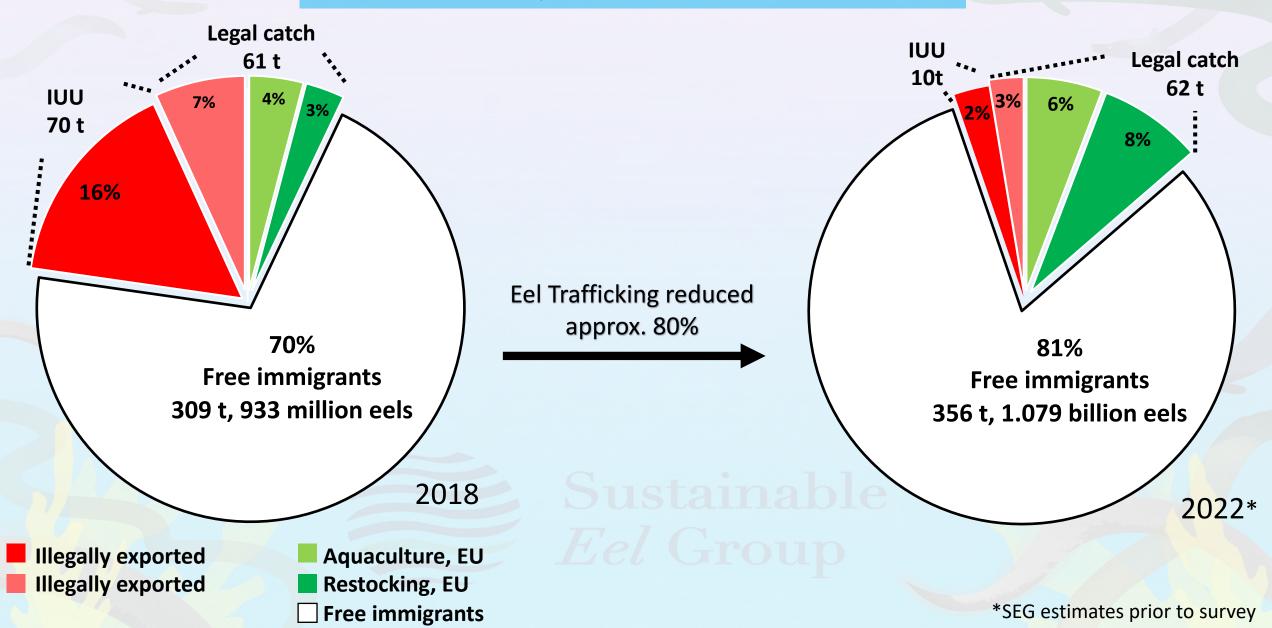
1.241 million

https://www.europol.europa.eu/media-



#### Exploitation of total glass eel recruitment

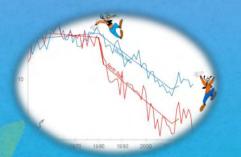
(440 tonnes per annum or 1.33 billion fish)





Demonstrating the impacts of the Sustainable Eel Group through

A decade of eel protection, accelerating the eel recovery and refining the SEG standard for sustainable use

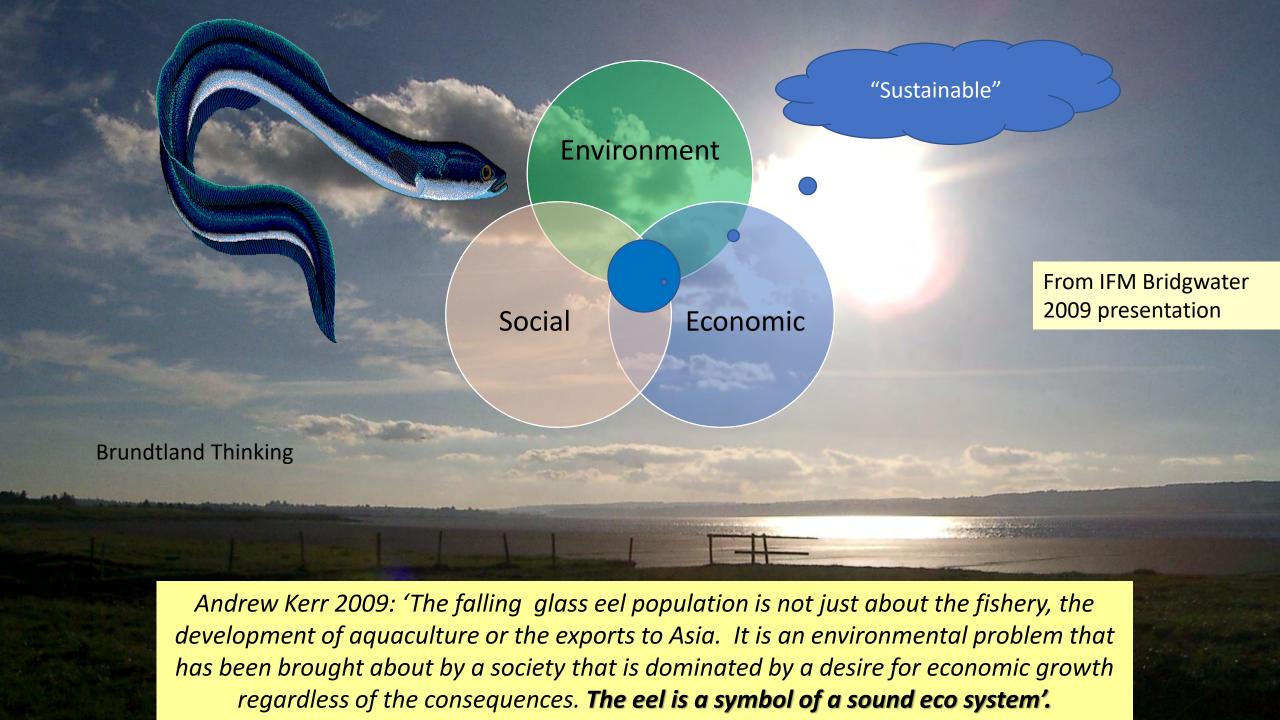


Andrew Kerr
Chairman
December 2020 Slides





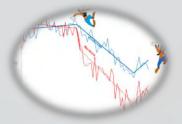
Sustainable *Eel* Group







**SEG Leadership Team** 



## "In 2020 SEG's Eel Sustainability Claims, PPP - People Profit Planet - will mature"



#### **Our Theory of Change**

**Developed at Potsdam in 2016** 

SEG as the Leadership Alliance

Responsible and Sustainable Eel Sector

SCIENCE led
recovery
Programs

PLANET

Living resources, health, well-bring, and quality of life

SUSTAINABLE

PROFILE

SOCIAL Variables dealing with community, education, equity, social resources, health, well-bring, and quality of life

SUSTAINABLE

PLANET

Living resources, water & air quality, energy conservation & land use

PLANET

Living resources, water & air quality, energy conservation & land use

Healthy Aquatic Ecosystems

**IMPACT** 

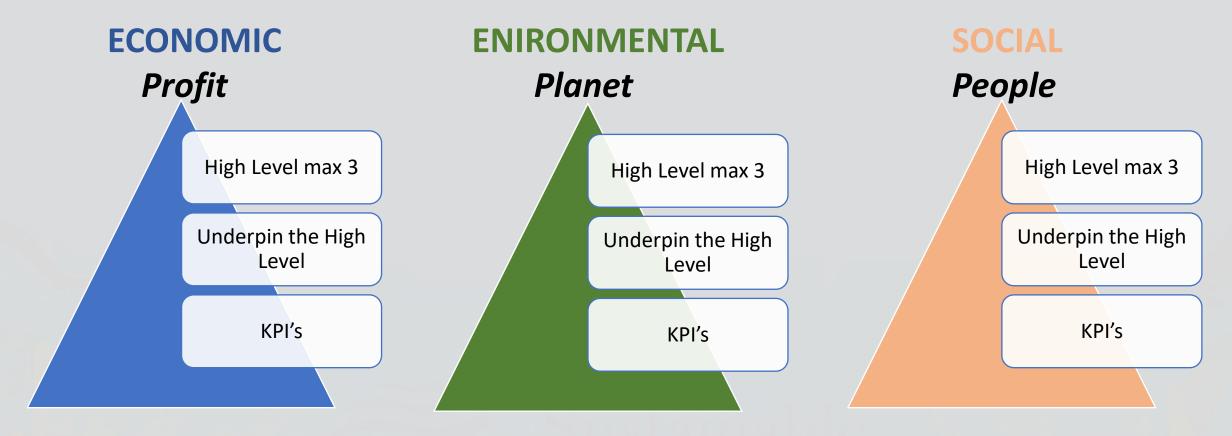
Healthy wild eel populations supporting sustainable use for the benefit of All

P





# Showing and communicating Sustainability Impacts across the three themes (direct & indirect)





#### **SEG Sustainability Claims 2020**

Positive Evaluation - the EU Regulation and focusing on better implementation - SEG played a full part

The Glass Eel index is used as the proxy measure for overall eel stock – the movement in the index is the key metric to indicate change. The stock has stopped decreasing since 2011

**Decline in Glass Eel Fishing handling Mortality by up to 40%** 

The number of Glass eels restocked annually has reached up to 50 million

Growing adoption and Impact of SEG Standard with now 42% of legal catch as SEG Certified

Progress with Counter Eel Trafficking – the volume of illegal trade has been reduced by at least 50%

Making Eel an Environmental Issue and encouraging the E NGOs and agencies to collaborate





Journey to ISEAL Code Compliance.

SEG is an ISEAL Community Member (Aug 2019)





The reinvented sector based on SEG Standard





PEOPLE
SUSTAINABILITY
PROFIT
PLANET

PPP 1
Direct

Retaining the EU Regulation and focusing on better implementation - SEG played a full part







# The EU Eel Regulation 2007: the essential enabling framework

#### Next steps - better implementation

Focus on nonfisheries factors Continue addressing fisheries impacts

Make use of good practices and project

Reinforce control and enforcement

Strengthen transboundary cooperation

Improve connectivity RBMPs and EMPs

Increase EU funds uptake

Improve efficiency of reporting

Consider revising EMPs



European Commission

#### Positive Evaluation - the EU Regulation and focusing on better implementation - SEG played a full part

IMPACT Question	Response
Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and <i>intended</i> sustainability outcome?	The Eel Regulation is set at a very high level and accountability is via 3 yearly reporting by individual member states. Implementation and coordination are variable and inconsistent. The SEG Standard is aligned to the Regulation and operates laterally across Member States (+ UK & Morocco) and the supply chain. It sets specific medium and low level metrics. The Standard acts to stimulate the eel sector to take the lead in a stewardship role supporting and influencing Eel Management Plans.
What unintended effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	The Standard was not developed to defend the Eel Regulation however its adoption by so many commercial players has helped convince the Commission and the EU Parliament's PECH Committee of the merit in retaining a sector working responsibly and implementing the Regulation. The standard is directly linked to retaining the Eel Regulation.
What is the possible <i>attribution</i> to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	SEG Leaders were and are able to demonstrate the sectors contribution to eel recovery. The attribution is significant, because without the Standard the Eel Fisheries may well have been closed in more countries and the cost of the Regulation deemed not worthwhile and disproportionate. SEG leaders across Europe and North Africa continue to promote the Regulation and the eel sector through its Stewardship role is its prime champion.
What <i>factors</i> have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	When the SEG standard was conceived the scale of glass eel trafficking to Asia was unknown but assessed as smaller than the legal use within Europe. Developing and implementing the SEG Standard revealed the enormity of the crime (3 x the legal European Market) and served to stimulate and accelerate action.



PPP 1 Direct



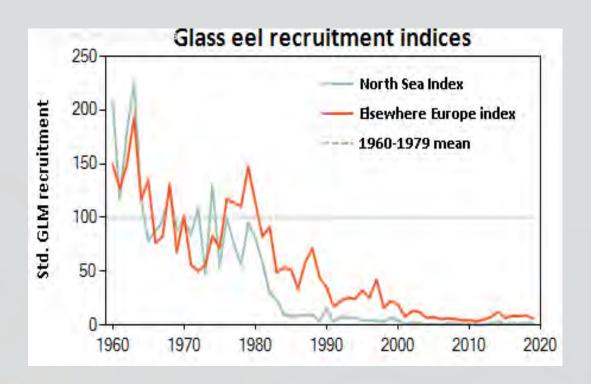
The Glass Eel index is used as the proxy measure for overall eel stock – the movement in the index is the key metric to indicate change. The stock has stopped decreasing since 2011

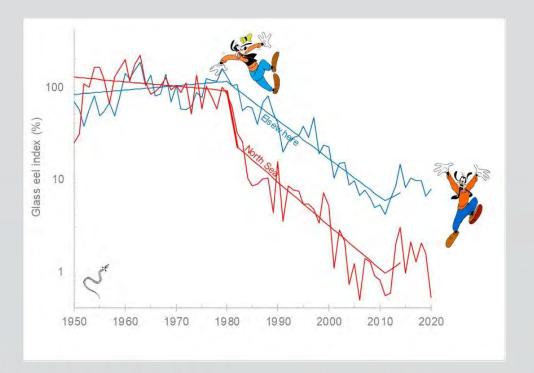
PPP 2 Direct



"Recruitment stopped decreasing in 2011". ICES WGEEL 2020.

That is 2 years after the implementation of the Eel Regulation





ICES 2020 report left and right: same data on logarithmic scale



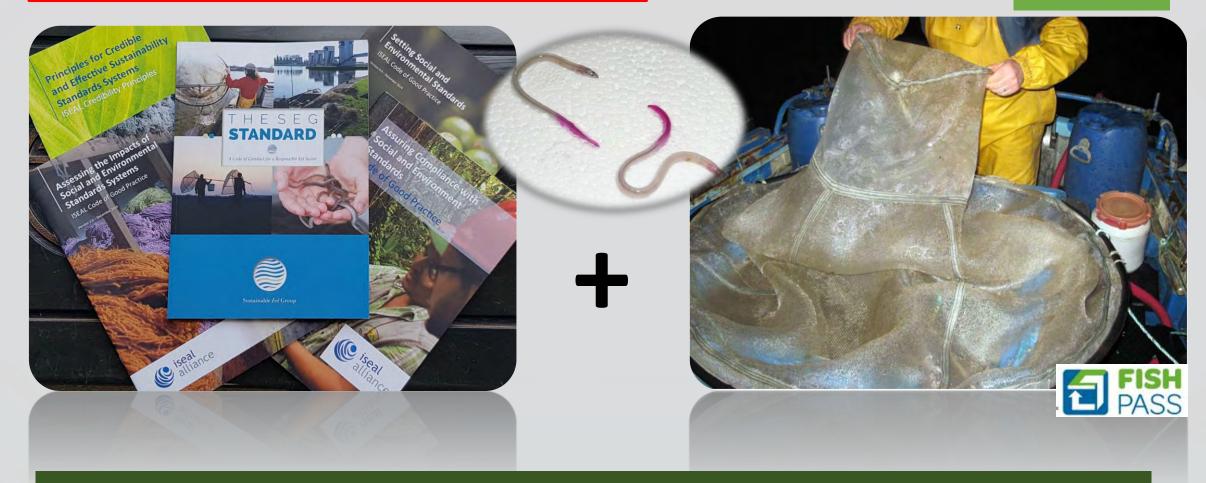
## The Glass Eel index is used as the proxy measure for overall eel stock – the movement in the index is the key metric to indicate change

	IMPACT Question	Response
	Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and <i>intended</i> sustainability outcome?	The key indicator is the 'elsewhere' series of measurements accounting for about 90% of the annual glass eel recruitment stock of about 1.3 billion which has been rising for 10 years above its 2011 nadir base line. The fishery and eel sector is a major contributor to mortality and also to restocking (the movement of glass eel from where they are in surplus to places often other countries where natural migration is failing). So the sector has a major impact on the outcome. The yellow eel index for the next life stage in the lifecycle shows a more prolonged decline that has also levelled off but a little later. As a lag indicator this is perhaps unsurprising. The time delay is some 10 to 15 years to Silver Eel.
	What <i>unintended</i> effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	The Commission has moved the emphasis for eel protection away from the fishery towards the other environmental factors and is calling upon Member States for more action to reduce these non fisheries impacts saying the fishery has now delivered a 50% reduction.
	What is the possible attribution to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	Attribution is difficult as eel mortality is caused by a mix of factors and fishing is estimated to have less impact than the environmental factors of extensive water engineering (the one million+ barriers to migration, the unscreened water intakes to turbine blades and the loss of wetland habitat). So the reduction in fishery mortality is key to attribution.
	What factors have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	The reluctance of some fishermen to work to SEG standard as it means abstaining from trafficking where greatest profit can be made. The external counter influence has been the enforcement agencies growing proficiency and determination to stop illegal trade. The responsible legal traders of glass eels want to know and be able to trace their purchase to legal players only; the SEG Standard provides that assurance.



PPP 2
Direct
Long term





Fishing mortality down from 42% (Briand 2007) to less than 8% (FishPass 2020) for the Villaine, Brittany for the 50 + SEG Certified fishermen



PPP	3
Dire	ct



ISEAL IMPACT Question	SEG Response
Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and <i>intended</i> sustainability outcome?	The fishery is very dispersed across Europe with the greatest concentration in the Bay of Biscay, especially western France. There is clear evidence of a reduction in the unintended mortality in capture and through out the supply chain. The Vilaine fishery in France is used for evidence. One difficulty is the lack of quality information of mortality prior to the introduction of the SEG Standard. Here on the Vilaine some 40% less fish need to be caught for the same level of survival.
What unintended effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	The unintended effects include a 10% premium payment for fish caught that meet the SEG Standard in France. Also the number of fishermen needed to catch for a legal and controlled market of some 50 tons is some 300 to 400 where as 10 years ago 1200 fishermen were employed and the catch volume, including the legal market, was estimated to have been 200 tons plus.
What is the possible attribution to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	Very high attribution and cause and effect is strongly linked - the SEG Standard is the motivator to change towards a new vision of sustainability and recovery. The SEG standard helped with slowing boat speeds, the introduction of the sensitive nets and the focus on reducing fishery mortality through monitoring and measurement.
What factors have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	Local leaders have emerged to champion sustainability and take ownership for the stewardship role of the sector. Without these leaders the SEG standard could never have 'taken off'. Similarly without the national policies triggered from the Eel Regulation the national changes may not have occurred.





#### The number of eels restocked annually has reached up to 50 million



PPP 4
Direct



On average, only **65% of planned levels** (aggregated national restocking plan) were achieved between 2015 - 2020



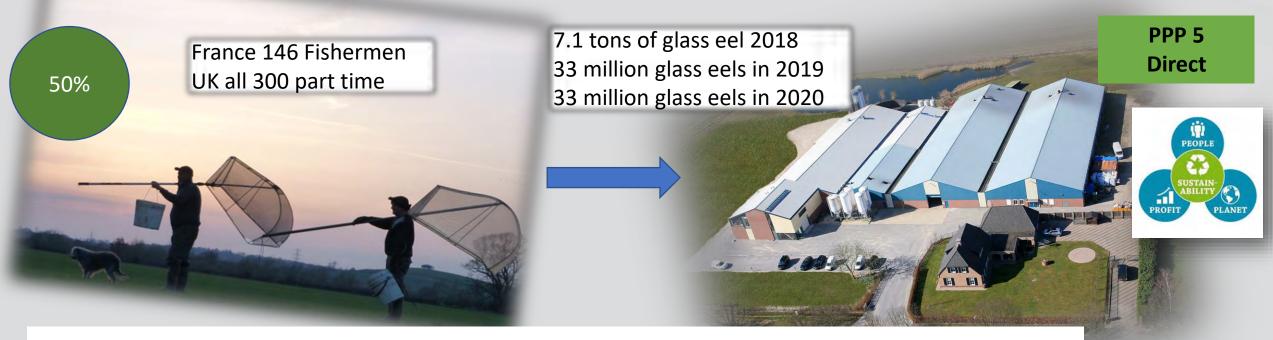
#### The number of eels restocked annually has reached up to 50 million

IMPACT Question	Response
Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and intended sustainability outcome?	This important metric illustrates the multiple factors at play and especially the trafficking factor where seeking immediate profit has been the driving factor. The problem is aggravated by restocking coming late in the season so if the fish have already been caught there is not enough left for the restock market and the prices are very high. The positive impact is eagerly anticipated. There is unspent money for restocking in EMFF. The standard also has a positive effect on survival after release.
What unintended effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	Restocking is a conservation measure within the Eel Regulation. Its effectiveness as a measure is difficult to prove. Currently there is no way of determining which eels successfully return to the Sargasso Sea to breed. Science can't prove the originating country or if restocked or wild. Restocked eels are known to continue their life cycle and complete at least the first half of their ocean return migration.
What is the possible attribution to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	Triggered major research into eel life cycle, survival and migration. This research has shown 90% of glass eel in Swedish fresh wates are from restocked sources; Germany is an example of a country where restocking is central to fulfilling their Eel Management Plan. Also shows near identical return migration behaviour through satellite tracking.
What factors have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	The key factor is availability of glass eel at the end of season which is driven by the number miss-used in trafficking (now declining but remaining a huge threat)

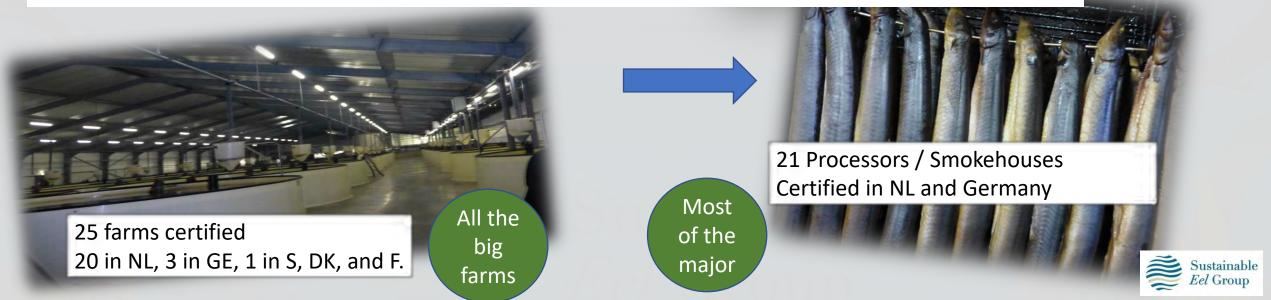
## PPP 4 Direct





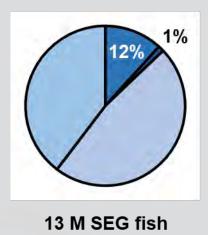


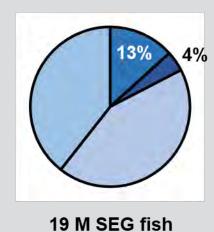
# Growing Impact of SEG Standard in building fully traceable supply chain in accordance with best-practice-guidelines

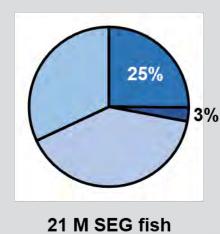


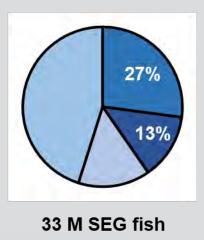
# PEOPLE SUSTAINABILITY PLANET

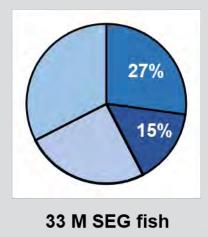
# SEG fish evolution within the plausible, European market over the period 2015/2016 to 2019/2020

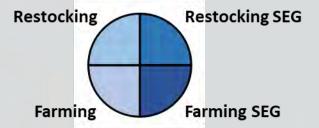












Data about the plausible, European glass eels market were collected by means the annual SEG glass eel market surveys. Data presented are SEG's best estimates, available until November 2020.

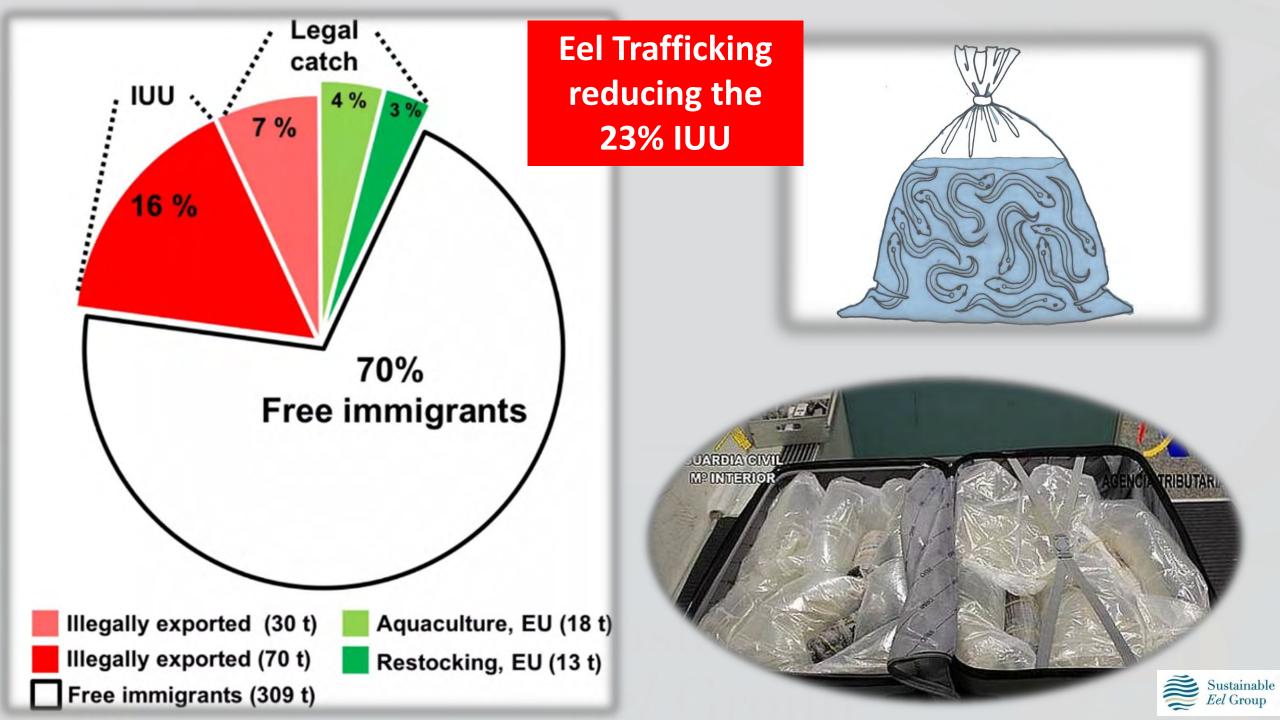


ISEAL IMPACT Question	SEG Response
Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and <i>intended</i> sustainability outcome?	Over half the eels legally traded in 2020 are now through the SEG certified supply chain. 80 more fishermen, another 30% of the total French fishermen are seeking to be certified in the 2020 -21 season. However the standard so far has had near zero impact on yellow and silver eel fishermen. SEG will need to address and target these areas from 2022 and when resources allow.
What unintended effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	Sales of eel through the major supermarkets of northern Europe ceased under key NGO pressure to stop all eating of eel. On the one hand this triggered many business closures and fishermen losing their jobs, however it was also a stimulus to reinvent the sector around the SEG Standard.
What is the possible attribution to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	Attribution is direct and strong. On balance this has been a positive force however continued opposition to the sustainable approach is now increasingly seen as counter productive to the specie's recovery and achieving the desired long term sustainable outcome.
What factors have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	Concepts for sustainability like Brundtland and role model examples like MSC Blue Label have all been external positive influences. Internal has been the SEG Leadership team with their shared sustainable vision and professional leadership









#### SEPRONA / EUROPOL

18<sup>th</sup> April 2018
MADRID

100 tons / 300 + million Glass Eels a year



#### **Reported Seizures**

PPP 6
Cont

**16 million** 2016 - 17 **17 million** 2017 - 18 **15 million** 2018 - 19

**10 million** 2019 - 20





#### **Reported Arrests**

**48** 2016 - 17

**98** 2017 - 18

**154** 2018 - 19

**108** 2019 - 20



#### **Recent ASIA Press Reports**

#### **Suggest 85% Reduction ??**

https://www.sustainableeelgroup.org/countertrafficking-success-is-reflected-by-crash-ineuropean-glass-eel-supply-into-chinese-eelaquaculture/

IMPACT Question	Response
Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and <b>intended</b> sustainability outcome?	The SEG Standard is a statement of Eel Competence and know how. The knowledge and process created acts as a building block for control both within an organisation and across the international supply chain. The traceability requirements of the SEG Standard closely align to the needs of the counter trafficking agenda. Losing SEG certification for a fisherman or trader is a growing deterrent. Increasingly legal trade requires SEG certification. A clean record is required for SEG certification and effective counter-trafficking is reducing the illegal market.
What unintended effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	Dividing the market in two whereby those with certificate have to be 100% legal and only trade in SEG certified product. There are two more years of transition to run before this rule is fully implemented. Regrettably SEG has been briefed against as a monopoly operation as though SEG was a trader and this has been used to slow take up of the standard. As the eel sector matures this negative message is in decline.
What is the possible attribution to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	Very high attribution. For successful international coordinated action between customs and police forces competence, expertise and confidence needs to be built up within the established bodies like EUROPOL, INTERPOL, World Customs Organisation and OLAF (European Anti Fraud). SEG and the SEG Standard by providing Eel expertise and acting as a conduit of knowledge, enthusiasm and energy is a key stimulus for effective action
What <b>factors</b> have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	The Eel Regulation as the platform for policy has been very significant. However change has needed leadership and many people have stepped up to deliver. The annual successes in combating the crime is having a self reinforcing effect and plans for 2021 are already advanced.











2019

PPP 7
Indirect

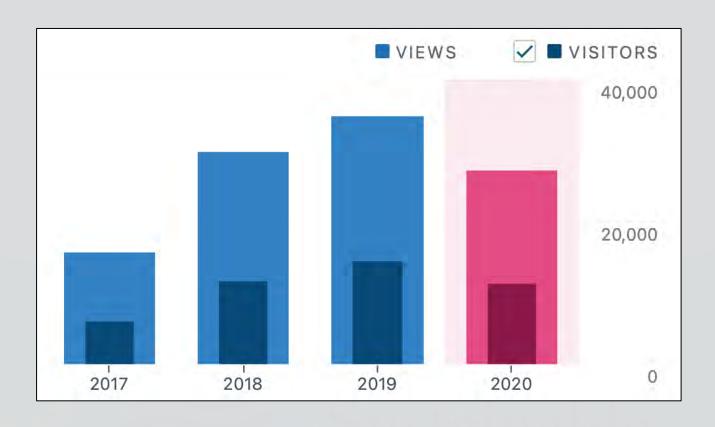






#### Increasing number of views and visitors to the SEG Web site

(reading taken 30<sup>th</sup> November 2020)





#### Making Eel an Issue and encouraging the E NGOs and Agencies to collaborate

	IMPACT Question	Response
	Is the SEG Standard producing the desired and <i>intended</i> sustainability outcome?	It is 'only eel' has been a common and widespread feeling - now ENGOs are taking up the cause for eel and other fish, especially the work to unblock migration pathways and restore wetlands. Key NGOs as partners have worked in UK from the start of SEG and, with the support of Wetlands International European Association, there are now many more NGO joining. This intended effect is measured through the growing number of views to SEG web (40,000). Without a credible Standard the sustainable and stewardship approaches would have had weak foundations and lacked credibility.
	What unintended effects both positive and negative from the intervention?	Led to a polarisation within the NGOs between supporters and detractors. This issue is still being played out. The positive is eel as a significant conservation issue has been raised from the hidden and the past negatives of 'it's only eel'. The lasting negative is the bitterness of the ideology within some of the detractors who passionately believe eel should not be fished or eaten. The Commission wish to use Water Framework Directive and the Eel Regulation together in a combined form to set legally binding targets Recently illustrated 150 NGOs coming together to form a Water Stewardship Network
	What is the possible attribution to the observed effect (using this methodology)?	Yes very high direct attribution for eel and indirect for the general ENGO focus on river and wetland restoration . SEG's 10 <sup>th</sup> Anniversary conference attracted 200 delegates and leading speakers from science, conservation and commercial interests as well as international policy and enforcement from more than 20 countries.
	What factors have influenced, both internal to the SEG Standard and external?	SEG leadership and determination to build an eel recovery agenda has been the central factor. The leadership has been able to work with many important partners because the issues were and are both important, historically hidden and with high impact. Most noticeably have been the sheer scale of the trafficking crime and the shock of turbine mortality.

PPP 7
Direct and
Indirect

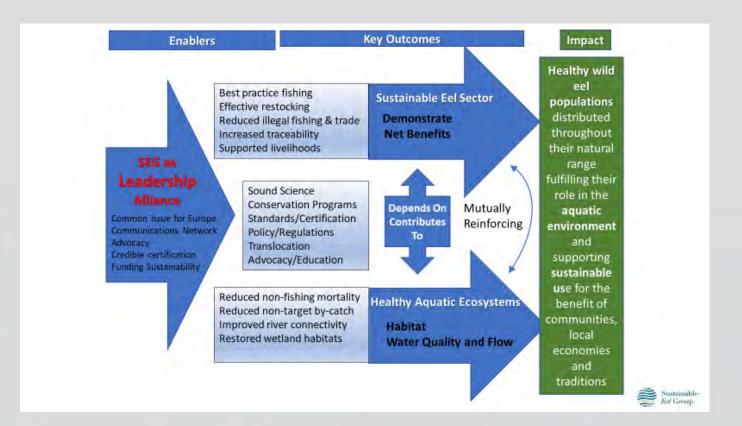




#### **Summary**

### "Bending the Curve"

- Tackling the root causes of unsustainable practices
- Learning from evidence and doing
- Delivering real and lasting change

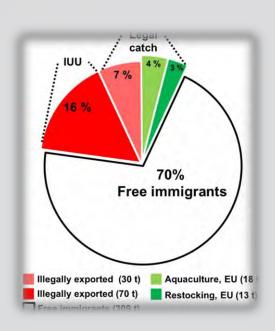








#### **SEG Outcomes & Impacts**



### **Planet**

Stock

SEG Std Eel sales

Reduction in trafficking & catch mortality + Eel

Restocking

**Profit** 

People



